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SQUIRREL REPELLING HANGER FOR
A BIRD FEEDER OR THE LIKE

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Your Petitioner, RAYMON W. LUSH, a citizen of the United States and a resident of the State of Nebraska, whose post office address is 410 Main Street, Bloomfield, Nebraska 68718, prays that Letters Patent may be granted to him for the invention set forth in the following specification:

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

1. FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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This invention relates to a squirrel repelling hanger for a bird feeder or the like and more particularly to a rodent repelling hanger for a bird feeder which prevents squirrels from feeding from the bird feeder.

2. DESCRIPTION OF THE RELATED ART

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Several types of bird feeders have been designed for preventing unwanted animals such as squirrels from eating the bird food in the feeder. Little prior art exists on rodent repelling hangers where various types of plants, feeders and bird shelters may be hung therefrom. One type of bird feeder has weight-sensitive tiltable perches thereon so when a squirrel or large bird lands on the perch, the perch moves and dislodges the animal. This type of bird feeder is shown in Loken U.S. Patent No. 5,105,765; Wessner U.S. Patent No. 5,048,461; and Dehls U.S. Patent No. 4,541,362.

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Another type of device uses a shocking system to send an electric impulse into the unwanted animal when that animal attempts to eat from the feeder. This type of

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1 device is shown in Fry U.S. Patent No. 5,392,732 and Collins U.S. Patent No. 5,471,951.

5 Still another type of repelling device uses weight-sensitive devices to discourage the unwanted animal from feeding from the feeder. This device shuts off the food supply when a heavy animal or bird lands upon the perch. This type of device is taught in Drakos U.S. Patent No. 5,720,238.

10 Yet another type of repelling device to which the present invention pertains senses the excessive weight of a squirrel or unwanted bird and removes the unwanted animal at a predetermined point in time. This type of device is taught in Hibbard U.S. Patent No. 5,297,503; Korb U.S. Patent No. 5,690,056; and Banyas U.S. Patent No. 6,119,627.

15 Applicant previously invented an improved squirrel repelling device and received U.S. Patent No. 6,604,487 for the same. Although the device in U.S. Patent No. 6,604,487 represents an improvement in the art, the instant invention is believed to represent a further improvement in the art due to the ease of manufacture, simplicity and reliability.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

20 A squirrel repelling hanger for a bird feeder or the like for repelling unwanted animals such as squirrels is disclosed. The hanger assembly of the present invention is attached to a tree, deck or the like. The hanger assembly comprises an elongated rod, a repelling disk and a motor enclosure having a gearing mechanism which will rotate the repelling disk at such a time as an unwanted animal alights upon the disk.

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1 This invention has a load cell operatively mechanically connected to the
repelling disk which is operatively electrically connected to the motor through an
electrical circuit so that if the unwanted animal alights on the disk, the motor and
gearing mechanism will rotate the disk, with the centrifugal force generated by the
5 rotation of the disk being sufficient to throw the animal from the disk, much to the
amusement of all watching.

It is therefore a principal object of the invention to provide a repelling hanger
assembly so feeders, plants, etc., may be hung without being accessible to unwanted
10 animals such as squirrels or the like.

Yet another object of the invention is to provide a squirrel repelling bird feeder.

Still another object of this invention is to provide an inexpensive practical means
of protecting bird feeders from unwanted animals such as squirrels.

15 Yet another object of this invention is to provide a rodent repelling bird feeder
that is functional in various weather conditions.

These and other objects will be obvious to those skilled in the art.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a perspective view of the present invention; and

20 Fig. 2 is a partial sectional view of the hanger of Fig. 1.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

The squirrel repelling hanger assembly for a bird feeder of this invention is
referred to generally by the reference numeral 10 for supporting the bird feeder 11
25 having food therein. The hanger assembly 10 generally comprises an upper support

1 19, a repelling disk 14 and a motor enclosure 16. The hook means of support 19 could be replaced by a strap, or any other supporting means known in the art. Similarly, lower end 20 has a supporting means in the form of a hook 21 for supporting the bird feeder 11.

5 The disk 14 is positioned above the motor enclosure 16 and has an opening 22 located in the center thereof which allows the hook 19 to pass therethrough without being in contact therewith. The disk 14 slopes downwardly from the opening 22 to its periphery to allow water to run off the disk and away from the opening 22. The disk 14 may be solid or have air passageways formed therein to minimize the bird feeder's movement from the wind. Preferably, the disk 14 is transparent. A tube 24 projects upwardly from opening 22 and embraces the hook 19. Hook 19 has a weather guard 26 extending outwardly and downwardly over the tube 24, thereby protecting the opening 22 from the weather.

15 The main operative portion of the invention resides in the motor enclosure 16. The motor enclosure 16 comprises a motor housing 28, a motor sleeve 30 and a protective cover 32. The motor housing 28 has an upper end 34, a lower end 36 and an elongated bore 38 extending from upper end 34 to the lower end 36 of the motor housing 28. The motor housing 28 is operably connected to a hollow drive shaft 40 which is positioned around hook 19 and which is coupled to disk 14 for rotating the same. The motor housing 28 is telescopically engaged in the motor sleeve 30, as seen in the drawings, and which comprises a side wall 42 and a base 44. The protective cover 32, which allows reciprocation between the motor housing 28 and the

1 motor sleeve 30, is positioned over the housing 28 and sleeve 30 for protection from
the weather. Within the motor housing 28 is a battery compartment for housing one or
more suitable dry cell batteries which will drive a suitable D.C. electric motor turning a
gear reduction unit. In another embodiment, the batteries may also be housed in the
5 motor sleeve to maximize the space available in the motor housing. Furthermore, the
motor need not be electrically driven. The motor may be driven by a wind-up spring
driven motor or the like. The motor and gear reduction unit are not specifically detailed
in the drawing, inasmuch as these types of units are quite common in the electrical
10 and mechanical arts and it is believed that the same need not be specifically
described. The motor and gear reduction units would be housed together proximal the
upper end 34 of the motor housing 28, all of which is in the same motor enclosure 16.

15 At the bottom of the motor sleeve 30, there is a user-activated control on-off
switch 46 comprising a contact switch button 48 which enables the user to turn the
performance features of the hanger 10 on and off at will.

20 The hook or support 19 is connected at its lower end to a load cell 60 of
conventional design. The load cell may be a S-load cell, a beam load cell, or any
other type of load cell available on the market. The load cell 60 is conventionally
connected to a conventional circuit board preferably including a microprocessor in
conventional fashion. Load cell 60 is supported upon a support 62 which has the
25 upper end of the hook 21 secured thereto. Support 62 is secured to the inner race 64
of a bearing 66 so that disk 14 may be rotated with respect to load cell 60 and hook
21.

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The load cell 60 is calibrated such that when a filled bird feeder 11 is supported on the lower support 21, the circuit will be open. If a predetermined weight is placed on the bird feeder 11, such as a squirrel or large bird, the load cell will activate the circuit board and the motor.

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In operation of the present invention, when a squirrel or the like alights upon the disk 14, the weight of the squirrel thereon will cause the disk 14 which will cause the disk 14 to be moved downwardly with respect to the connection of the hook 19 and the load cell 60 which will cause the load cell 60 to activate the motor so that disk 14 is rotated, without rotating the bird feeder 11, to cause the squirrel to be dislodged and propelled from the disk 14. Once the squirrel has been dislodged and propelled from the disk 14, the weight is reduced thereupon which will cause the load cell to deactivate the motor to half the rotation of the disk.

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Thus it can be seen that the invention accomplishes at least all of its stated objectives.

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